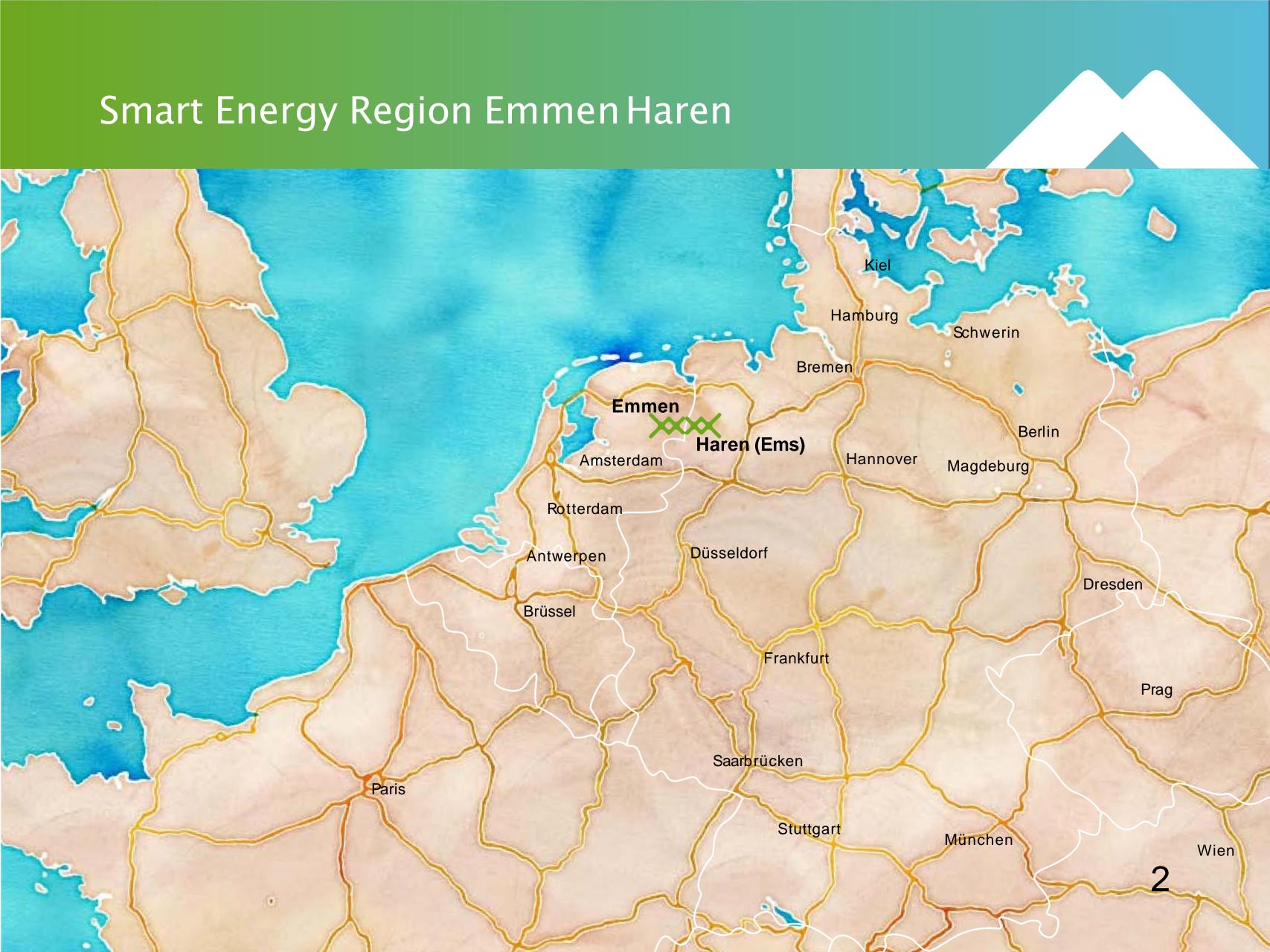






A collaboration between the cities Emmen (Netherlands) and Haren (Germany)

Brussels, 25.4.2016



Description of organisation

The municipality of Haren (Ems) is located in north-western Germany. Haren (Ems) is a regional industrial center and counts about 23.000 inhabitants. Haren (Ems) also borders to the Netherlands.



Description of organisation

The municipality of Emmen is in the northeast part of The Netherlands. Emmen is a regional industrial centre, and counts about 110,000 inhabitants.

Emmen also borders to Germany.



The Municipality Council adopted an ambitious CO₂-reduction target: CO₂ neutrality by 2050.

Energy facts Emmen



Electricity

Households ≈ 130.000 MWh/y

≈ 30 million EuR

industry ≈ 340.000 MWh/y



Gas

Households ≈ 70 million m³ (684 GWh)

≈ 45 million EuR

industry ≈ 130 million m³(1,3 TWh) 50 % used by green houses

available renewables for the time being: 3%(solar)

Why SEREH? Strategy building process Transition problems in Haren

- Excess renewable energy causing grid problems
- ✓ Transportation to users in South Germany needs a very expensive extension of the grid
- Or transportation on the high voltage grid to The Netherlands at negative prices
- ✓ While there is demand next door (across the border)

Keywords for SEREH

- self sufficiency,
- community benefits of renewables,
- connecting local supply and demand,
- smart grid,
- new businesses.

Advantages of SEREH

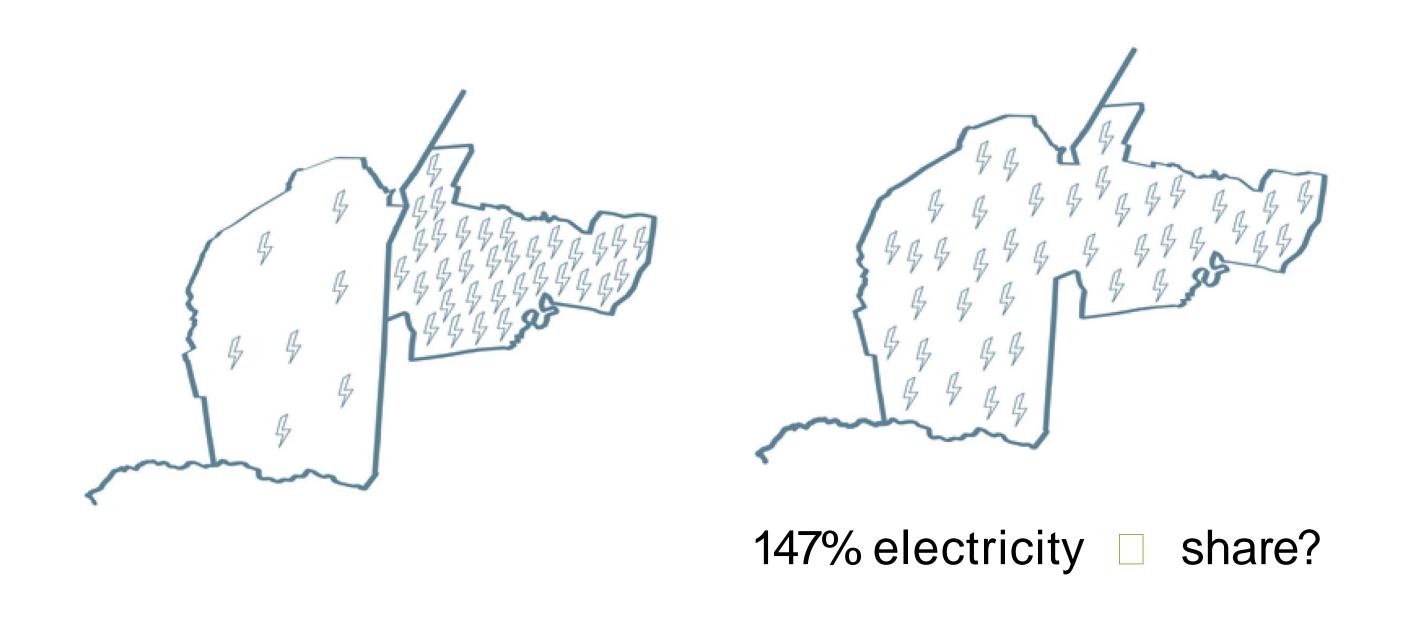
- civic energy sources and local profit
- less transport costs
- no need to extend the grid
- cheaper energy
- emerge of new businesses

Objective SEREH

A Regional, decentralised and mostly communal cross-border energy system in Emmen-Haren:

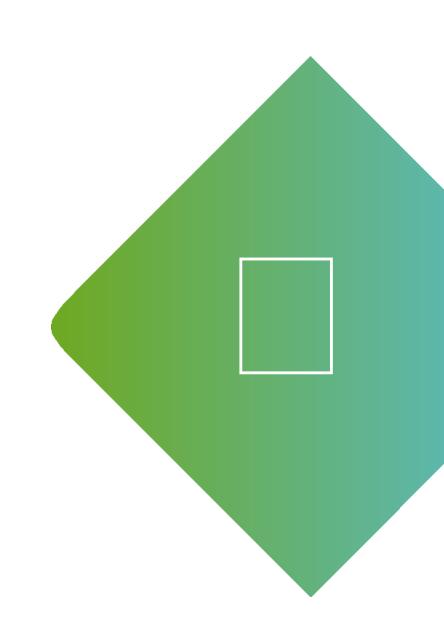
Connecting supply and demand locally to keep benefits of RE in the region

Our idea of a Smart Energy Region



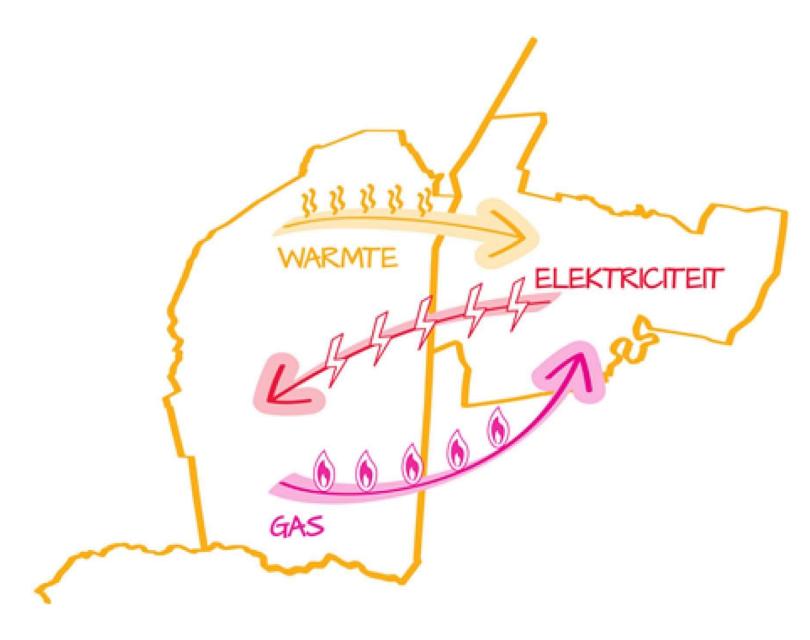
How to achieve that?

- Interconnecting Medium Voltage Grids (DSO level) in Emmen en Haren
- Exploring communal and civic business models



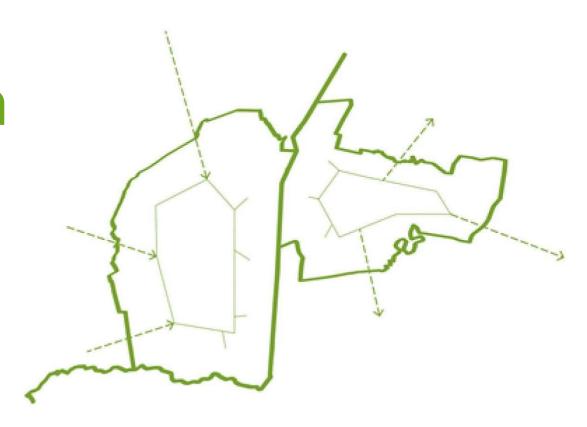
Pilot project H2020 Cross border Innovative Windfarm

- 50 MW windpower in Haren (at the border)
- 20 MW windpower in Emmen (at the border)
- With connection on both the German and Dutch (medium voltage) grid



Pilotproject H2020 Cross Border Innovative Windfarm

- Storage en smart distribution
- Power to gas?
- Power to heat?
- Demand Side Respons?





Pilotproject Interreg NSR Smart Grid and Local Energy Cooperatives

- Organize prosumers in a cross border local energy cooperative
- Build and manage a smart grid between members of the cooperative
- Using differences in production and consumption patterns between Emmen and Haren to optimize efficient use of civic energy

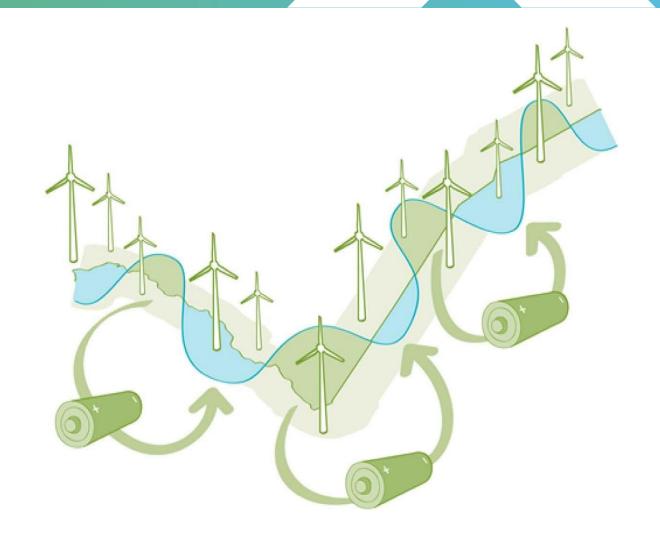
Smart Grid and Local Energy Cooperatives

- Using differences in real time energy prices between Germany and The Netherlands to optimize financial benefits for cooperative members
- Enabling cross border trade and transport of civic energy on DSO level

Cross Border Innovative Windfarm

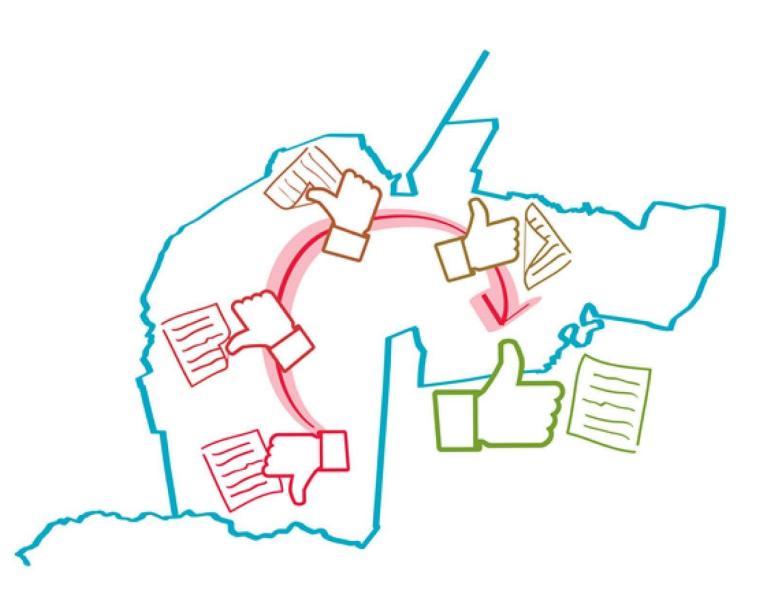
strenghts

- ✓ Avoiding imbalance on the grid
- ✓ Communal benefits of RE
- ✓ Accommodate efficient use of civic energy
- ✓ Regional 'Energy Union' living lab. Experimenting with regional market regulation



Challenges

- ✓ National legislation on interconnection
- ✓ TSO monopoly and taxing
- ✓ Differences in subsidy systems
- ✓ Lack of market incentives



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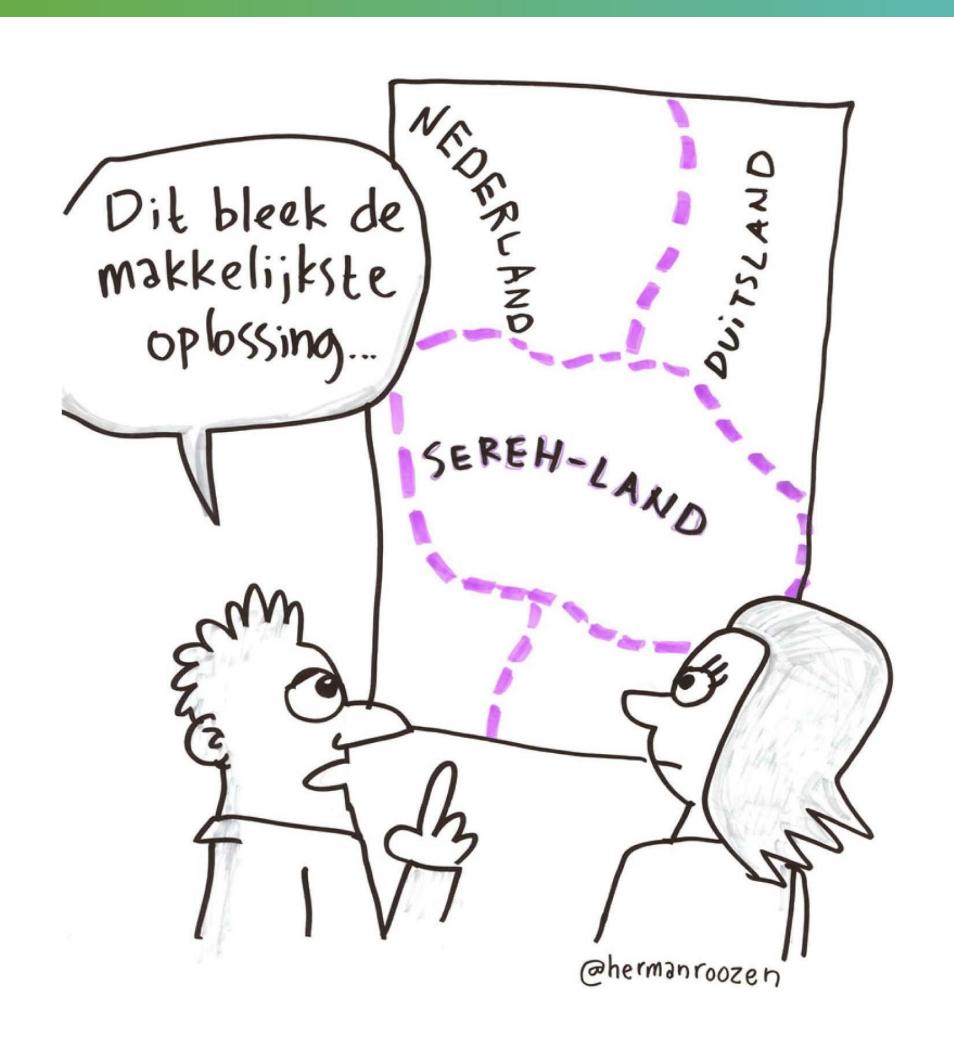
Action on EU level?

Long term

- Avoid regulating and taxing interconnection capacity?
- Levelling differences in subsidy and taxing of RE?

Short term

Promoting cross border experimentation zones?





Thank you for your attention

